PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416							
14666PCTS								
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)						
PCT/FI 2003/000868	14.11.2003	27.11.2002						
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC								
D21G1/00								
Applicant								
Metso paper inc. et al								
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 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 								
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.								
3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:								
a. (sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of 3 sheets, as follows:								
		ave been amended and are the basis of this report						
and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).								
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes								
beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.								
b (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s))								
, containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the								
Administrative Instructions).								
4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:								
Box No. I Basis of	Box No. I Basis of the report							
Box No. II Priority	Box No. II Priority Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability							
Box No. III Non-esta								
Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention								
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial								
applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement Box No. VI Certain documents cited								
	<u></u>							
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application								
Date of submission of the demand	Date of complete	on of this report						
13.05.2004	19.01.20	19.01.2005						
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE	Authorized offic	Authorized officer						
Patent- och registreringsverket	·							
Box 5055 S-102 42 STOCKHOLM	Nils Nor	Nils Nordin/Els						
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 2004)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/FI 2003/000868

Box	No. I	В	asis of the report		
1.		_	to the language, this report is based on the icated under this item.	international application in the langua	age in which it was filed, unless
			eport is based on a translation from the origin is the language of a translation furnished for		,
			international search (under Rules 12.3 and	23.1(b))	
			publication of the international application	(under Rule 12.4)	•
			international preliminary examination (und	der Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)	
2.	furnisi	hed to t	to the elements of the international appliche receiving Office in response to an invitationnexed to this report):	cation, this report is based on (replac tion under Article 14 are referred to in	cement sheets which have been this report as "originally filed"
		the in	ternational application as originally filed/furn	nished	
	\boxtimes	the de	scription:		
		pages	1-10		-
		pages		received by this Authority on	:
		pages		received by this Authority on	
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		a sequ	ence listing and/or any related table(s) - see	Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence	e Listing.
3.		The ar	mendments have resulted in the cancellation	of:	
			the description, pages		
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4.	Ш	This r made, 70.2(c	eport has been established as if (some of) since they have been considered to go beyon).	the amendments annexed to this report ond the disclosure as filed, as indicated	t and listed below had not been in the Supplemental Box (Rule
			the description, pages		
		一	the claims, Nos.		
		\Box	the drawings, sheets/figs		
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International application No.

PCT/FI 2003/000868

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-15	YE
		Claims		NO.
Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YE	
		Claims	1-15	NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-15	YE
		Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

The object of the invention concerns a coated SBS board product with high gloss, stiffness and lesser-than-before consumption of material.

The following documents are cited in the International Search Report:

D1: WO 9967462 A1 D2: US 6164198 A

D1 reveals a method and an arrangement for calendering paper and board before and after coating. D1 does not indicate that a Yankee cylinder or a wet-stack calender is used. In the process for manufacturing coated board or paper, the web is finished by calendering at least such that the calendering which takes place prior to the coating step, i. e. the so called pre-calendering, is performed in a long-nip calender where the web is taken to a pressing zone formed by the belt and the backing roll. A web thus precalendered, then, is characterized by good surface smoothness while its flexural strength remains almost at its initial level. When the web surface is smooth and sealed prior to the coating step, the amount of coating mix applied can be essentially reduced or, correspondingly, the printability of the end product can be improved. The top side and/or both sides of the web surface is/are coated one or more times. (See abstract; page 5, line 32- page 6, line 2; page 7, lines 1-10 and page 8, lines 16-19.)

D2 shows a calendering method and a calender for producing paper or paperboard. The calender device comprises a fixed support element, a flexible jacket surrounding the stationary support beam, a heated counter element, a load element and a drive mechanism. (See abstract; column 2, lines 51-51 and claim 1.)

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Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: $\,V\,$

The invention according to claims 1, 4-10 and 14 differs from D1 by the fact that a specific board (SBS board "solid bleached sulphite/sulphate") is produced using a specific long-nip calender (see D2) and that a number of parameters concerning certain properties of the material of the manufactured coated board product are specified within certain intervals. (D1 does not state any parameters.)

However, since D2 describes a calender that can produce a web with a smooth surface and relative large thickness, (See column 1, lines 19-31), which is the object of the invention according to D1, it is considered to be obvious to a person skilled in the art to use a calender according to D2 in the process according to D1 for manufacturing a coated board product (for example a SBS Board product). The produced coated board product would in all likelihood have material properties within the specified intervals of basis weight and surface properties as in claims 1, 4-10 and 14.

Consequently, claims 1, 4-10 and 14 lack an inventive step.

D1 discloses that: "Board and paper are coated in the same fashion on both sides, but e. g. when manufacturing packing board, it may be necessary to coat only one side of the web or to prepare a different coat for each side of the web." (See page 8, lines 16-19.)

Accordingly, claims 2-3 lack an inventive step.

The precalendering according to D1 involves the use of surface wetting. (See page 6, lines 14-21.)

Consequently, claim 15 lacks an inventive step.

Accordingly, the invention according to claim 1-15 is novel but is not considered to involve an inventive step. The invention is industrially applicable.

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JC14 Rec'd PCT/PTO 28 APR 2005

Claims (Amended)

1. A coated SBS board product, which has one or more fiber plies and whose outside plies consist of bleached chemical pulp and middle plies of pulp and/or broke and which board has a basis weight of 150-400 g/m², said board having a top side and a backing side, wherein the SBS board product is manufactured without using a Yankee cylinder or a wet-stack calender, the production of said product involving the use of a surface conditioning device functioning as a calender and comprising:

10 a fixed support element (14),

a flexible jacket (12) fitted around the fixed support element (14), such that a board web (80) travels between the jacket (12) and a counter-roll (22), a load element (18, 22) provided in connection with the support element (14), such that the flexible jacket (12) is applied by the load element (18, 22) against the heatable counter-roll (22), the board web (80) present between the jacket (12) and the counter-roll (22) becoming calendered, and at least one end wall of the calendering device mounted on the end of the flexible jacket in such a way that the flexible jacket (12) is attached to an end wall (24, 26) and the jacket (12) is rotated along with the end wall (24, 26) by means of a drive mechanism, **characterized** in that prior to the coating

means of a drive mechanism, **characterized** in that prior to the coating process the manufacturing of the product involves the use of one or more surface conditioning devices functioning as a precalender, that the top side is coated one or more times the coated product having surface properties on the top side of the board as follows:

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PPS-s10 roughness (ISO 8791-4) 0,5-2,0 μm

Hunter gloss (ISO/DIS8254) 40-80%,

and that the product has a density (SCAN-P7:75) within the range of 5001000 kg/m³.

2. A product as set forth in claim 1, **characterized** in that the backing side is uncoated.

- 3. A product as set forth in claim 1, **characterized** in that the backing side is coated at least once.
- 4. A product as set forth in any of the preceding claims, **characterized** in that the basis weight is within the range of 180-350 g/m².
 - 5. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-4, **characterized** in that the basis weight is within the range of $180-300 \text{ g/m}^2$.

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- 6. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-5, **characterized** in that the top side has a Bendtsen roughness (SCAN-P21:67) within the range of 0-50 ml/min.
- 7. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-5, **characterized** in that the top side has a Bendtsen roughness (SCAN-P21:67) within the range of 0-20 ml/min.
- 8. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-7, **characterized** in that the top
 side has a PPS-s10 roughness (ISO 87911-4) within the range of 0,8-1,5 μm.
 - 9. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-8, **characterized** in that the top side has a Hunter gloss (ISO/DIS 8254) within the range of 45-65%.
- 25 10. A product as set forth in any of the preceding claims, **characterized** in that it has a density (SCAN-P7:75) within the range of 750-1000 kg/m³.
 - 11. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-10, **characterized** in that the product calendering has also involved the use of a single- or multi-nip machine and/or soft calender.

- 12. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-11, **characterized** in that its precalendering has involved the use of board surface wetting.
- 13. A product as set forth in any of claims 1-11, characterized in that its
 5 precalendering has not involved the use of board surface wetting.
- 14. A method for making a coated SBS board product, said board product having two or more fiber plies and having its outside plies consisting of bleached chemical pulp and middle plies of pulp and/or broke, and said board having a basis weight of 150-400 g/m², the SBS board product being manufactured without using a Yankee cylinder or a wet-stack calender, characterized in that the method involves introducing a web to be coated into a surface conditioning device, comprising:
 a fixed support element (14),
- a flexible jacket (12) fitted around the fixed support element (14), such that a board web (80) travels between the jacket (12) and a counter-roll (22), a load element (18, 22) provided in connection with the support element (14), such that the flexible jacket (12) is applied by the load element (18, 22) against the heatable counter-roll (22), the board web (80) present between the jacket (12) and the counter-roll (22) becoming calendered, and at least one end wall of the calendering device mounted on the end of the flexible jacket in such a way that the flexible jacket (12) is attached to an end wall (24, 26) and the jacket (12) is rotated along with the end wall (24, 26) by means of a drive mechanism and the web is precalendered with said surface conditioning device.
 - 15. A method as set forth in claim 14, **characterized** in that the precalendering involves the use of surface wetting.